

Metro Vancouver: Population Projections

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UBCM Housing Summit – February 13-14, 2024

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THE IMPORTANCE OF POPULATION PROJECTIONS

- Critical for estimating future demand for land, housing, jobs, and utilities (water, sewer and transit)
- Can be short-term (i.e. housing needs 5-10 years), medium-term (Metro 2050), or long-term (Utilities = 100+ years)
- Longer-term projections = higher uncertainty
- Increasingly more challenging with big fluctuations and uncertainties like affordability challenges, Covid, climate impacts, low immigration rates followed by high immigration targets



Scenario Planning





PROJECTIONS ARE NOT FACT

- Scenarios based on a set of assumptions: e.g. household size, fertility rates, intra and inter provincial migration, immigration, non-permanent residents
- Agencies work together to discuss and model impacts of changing assumptions



ESTIMATING GROWTH

Impacts of not being right

Over-estimate

- Increases in cost and scope for infrastructure
- Regional projects can take 15-20 years to build
- Increased cost of public transportation

Under-estimate

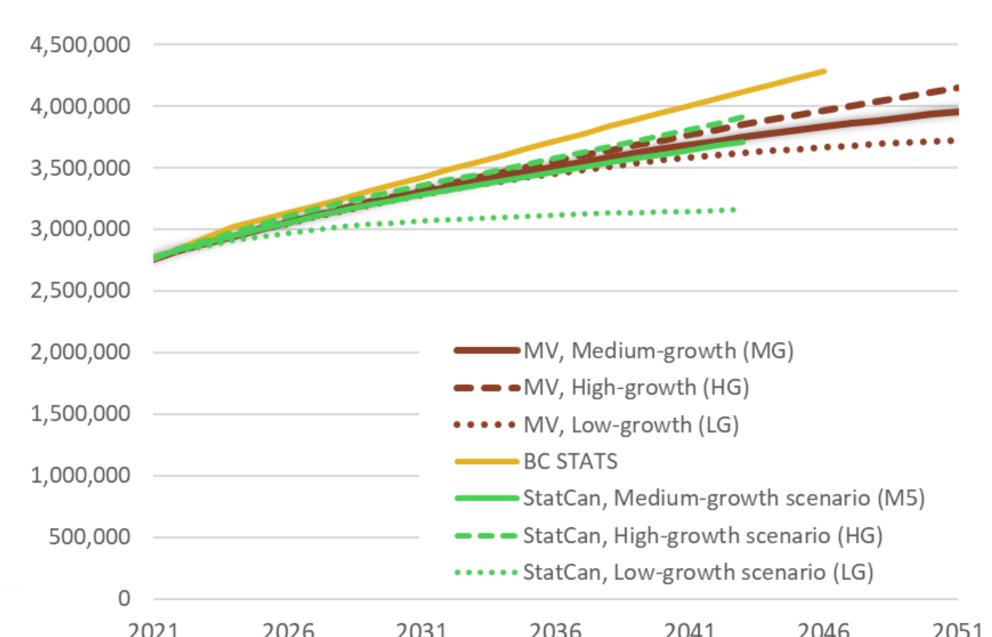
 Worsen existing infrastructure and service deficit (e.g. schools, health care systems, child-care facilities, transit)







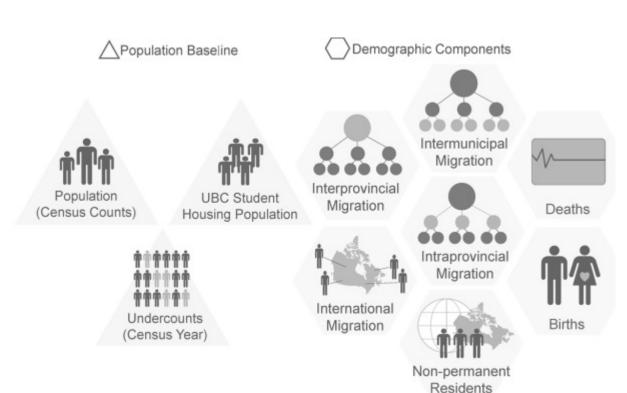
REGIONAL POPULATION PROJECTIONS



METRO VANCOUVER MODEL ASSUMPTIONS

Regional and Municipal Population Projections

- Age-cohort component model
- Natural increase to reach zero by late 2030's
- 55,000 net new immigrants annually from 2026-2046 (higher than historic, but lower than current)
- Non-Permanent Residents gradual decrease after 2027
- Intra-provincial migration (big driver)
- Interprovincial migration (minor contributor)



METRO VANCOUVER ASSUMPTIONS RE IMMIGRATION

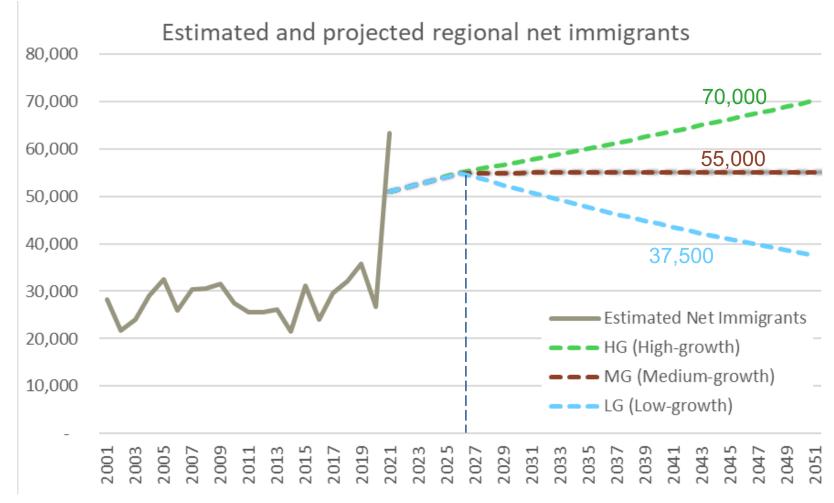
3 Scenarios, Regional Scale

Short term (2024 to 2026)

 Assume ~11% of national new immigrants come to MV

Longer term (post 2027)

 Three scenarios; Metro Vancouver uses mid range scenario



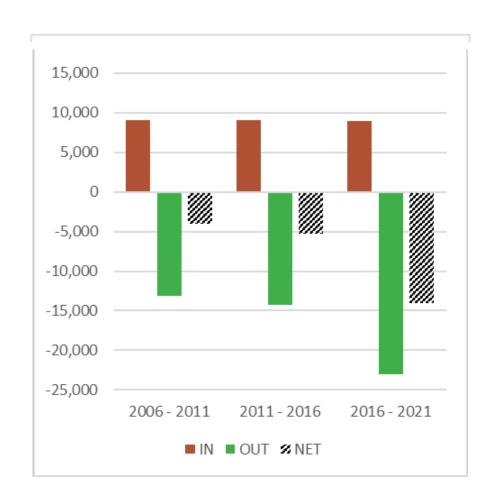
Source: Statistics Canada, Metro Vancouver

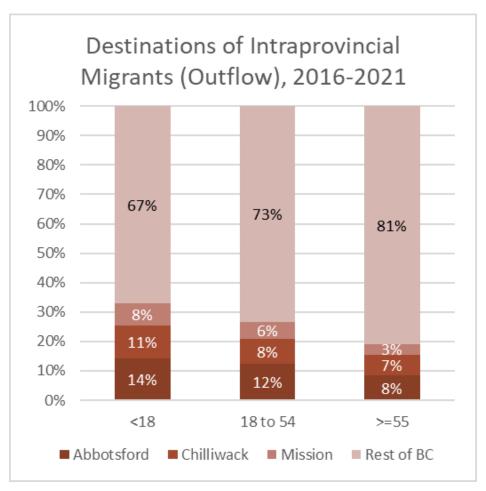
INTRAPROVINCIAL MIGRATION – A BIG FACTOR

Inflow consistent ~8,000

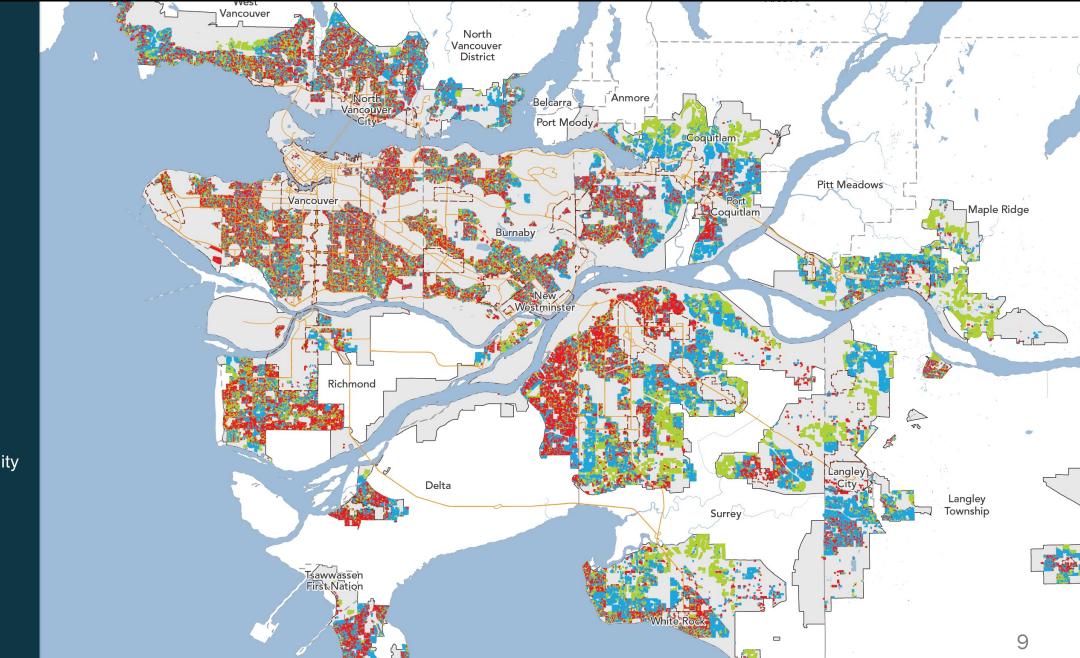
Net historic outflow ~5,000 people per year

More recent outflow ~15,000 people per year



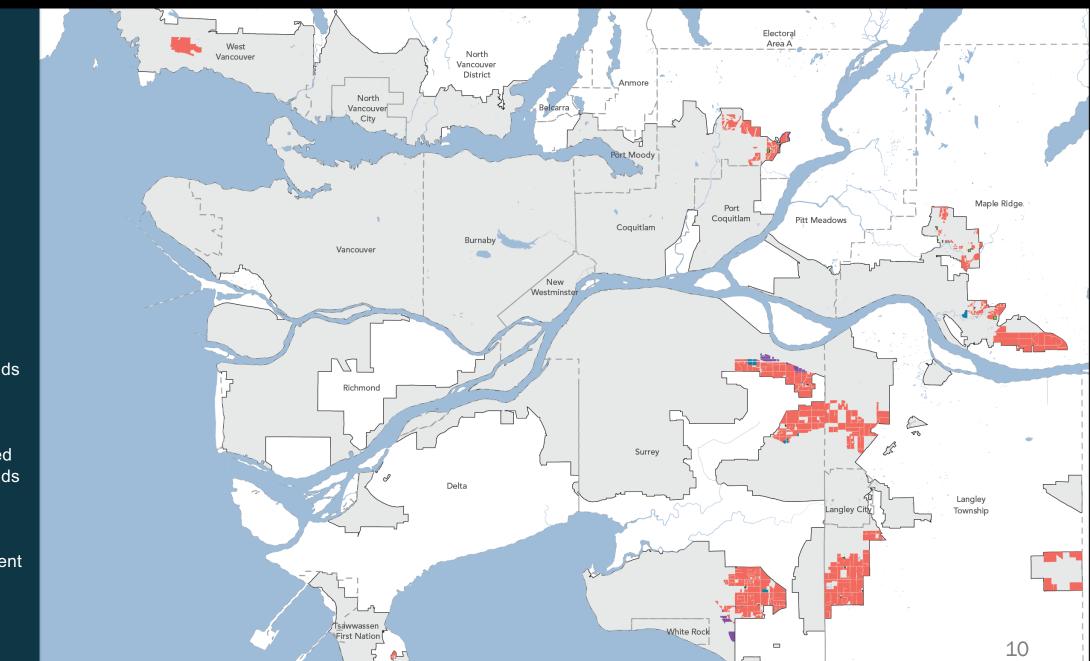


Densification Probability for Single-Detached Areas



- High Probability 105,399 Parcels
- Medium Probability 132,436 Parcels
- Low Probability 93,710 Parcels

Remaining "Greenfield" General Urban Lands within UCB



Industrial Employment Lands

Institutional

Population-related Employment Lands

Residential

Urban Containment Boundary

Bill 47: Transit Oriented Areas



- Bill 47: Transit-Oriented Areas
- Metro 2050 Policy Area
- Urban Centre and FTDA
- Urban containment Boundary

COLLABORATION IS CRITICAL

Lost opportunity if not aligned

- Metro 2050: 4 year process to achieve consensus on strong housing policies, targets and monitoring tools
- Local governments have detailed contexts and data
- TransLink (TAZ), Utilities (Sewerage areas), municipal partners: capital plans heavily impacted

Ongoing discussions on assumptions and areas of uncertainty / Working Group





Thank You

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